

3.2.3 WordPress Module



Module WordPress is responsible for adding generated content from input modules into your WordPress blog in the form of posts. Change all settings carefully, because it will influence the correct work of your script.

This is pretty simple however very important module.

You will need to provide some information about your WordPress blog installation, such as:

DB HOST: usually it's *localhost*

DB NAME: full name of your database

DB USERNAME: user name that has full access privileges to your database.

DB PASSWORD: database password for that user.

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Relative path to WordPress directory: / ?

Database settings for Wordpress

DB HOST*	<input type="text" value="localhost"/> ?
DB Name*	<input type="text" value="timetovi_wrdp1"/> ?
Prefix, used for Wordpress installation:	<input type="text" value="wp_"/> ?
DB Username*	<input type="text" value="timetovi_wrdp1"/> ?
DB Password*	<input type="password" value="*****"/> ?

Connection of Module Wordpress with Module Pinger

Ping remote services for this module with updates: Yes No

Click to update settings:

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// ** MySQL settings ** //

define ( 'DB_NAME' , 'XXXXXXXXXX' ); // The name of the database
define ( 'DB_USER' , 'XXXXXXXXXX' ); // Your MySQL username
define ( 'DB_PASSWORD' , 'XXXXXXXXXX' ); // ...and password
define ( 'DB_HOST' , 'localhost' ); // 99% chance you won't need to change this value

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```

Ping remote services for this module with updates: Will activate Pinger module to ping remote websites for all WordPress module updates (new posts to your blog). *(Please see Chapter 3.2.4. for more info.)*

Don't forget to click on **“Update settings”** after you make any changes.

After you are done setting up the module go to **Test & Log** tab *(more info in Chapter 4 – Testing the script).*